

BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS

Mosedalvej 14, 2500 Valby

Company reg. no. 37 30 45 65

Annual report

1 April 2019 - 31 March 2020

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 17 December 2020.



Jacob Daniel De Boer
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's report

Today, the managing director has presented the annual report of BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS for the financial year 1 April 2019 - 31 March 2020.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in my opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 March 2020 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 April 2019 – 31 March 2020.

I am of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved by the general meeting.

Valby, 17 December 2020

Managing Director



Jacob Daniel De Boer

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS for the financial year 1 April 2019 - 31 March 2020, which comprise accounting policies, income statement, statement of financial position and notes. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements present a fair view of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 March 2020 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 1 April 2019 - 31 March 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethical requirements for auditors (IESBA's Code of Ethics), and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that provide a fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing, and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing, and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's preparation of the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists arising from events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and contents of the financial statements, including disclosures in notes, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that presents a fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we express no assurance opinion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, it is our responsibility to read the management commentary and to consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or the evidence obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that management commentary is consistent with the financial statements and that it has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not discover any material misstatement in the management commentary.

Frederiksberg, 17 December 2020

Revisionshuset Tal & Tanker

Statsautoriseret revisionspartnerselskab
Company reg. no. 37 31 56 64



Mikkel Thomsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne34535

Company information

The company

BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS
Mosedalvej 14
2500 Valby

Company reg. no. 37 30 45 65
Established: 16 December 2015
Domicile: Valby
Financial year: 1 April 2019 - 31 March 2020

Managing Director

Jacob Daniel De Boer

Auditors

Revisionshuset Tal & Tanker, Statsautoriseret revisionspartnerselskab
Roskildevej 37A, 3. sal
2000 Frederiksberg

Management commentary

The principal activities of the company

Like previous years, the principal activities are production for television.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross profit for the year totals DKK 3.221.000 against DKK 2.427.000 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK 1.575.000 against DKK 1.880.000 last year. Management considers the results as expected.

We point out that fundamental errors have been found in last year's annual report. The error has been corrected in the Annual Report for the financial year 2019/20, just as the comparative amounts have been adjusted in the following ways:

Contract work in progress, Trade payables and Other payables were not presented correctly in the Annual Report for 2018/19. In 2019/20, the management corrected for this, which is why the comparative amounts have changed as a consequence.

The consequence of the above has led to a change in the comparative amounts with a reduction of the Balance Sheet by DKK 6.117.255. Net profit for the year and equity is unchanged.

Accounting policies

The annual report for BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Fundamental errors in previous annual report

We point out that fundamental errors have been found in last year's annual report. The error has been corrected in the Annual Report for the financial year 2019/20, just as the comparative amounts have been adjusted in the following ways:

Contract work in progress, Trade payables and Other payables were not presented correctly in the Annual Report for 2018/19. In 2019/20, the management corrected for this, which is why the comparative amounts have changed as a consequence.

The consequence of the above has led to a change in the comparative amounts with a reduction of the Balance Sheet by DKK 6.117.255. Net profit for the year and equity is unchanged.

Income statement

Gross profit

Gross profit comprises the revenue, work performed for own account and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members. Staff costs are less government reimbursements.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year.

Accounting policies

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

Statement of financial position

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, they are written down for impairment to the net realisable value.

Contract work in progress

Contract work in progress is measured at the selling price of the work performed less invoicing on account and expected losses.

The selling price is measured on the basis of the stage of completion on the reporting date and the total expected income from the individual contracts. The stage of completion is calculated as the share of costs incurred proportional to the estimated total costs of the individual contract.

When the selling price of a contract cannot be reliably determined, it is measured solely as costs incurred, or at the net realisable value, if this is lower.

Contracts are recognised as trade receivables if the selling price of the work performed exceeds the invoicing on account and expected losses. Contracts are recognised as liabilities if the invoicing on account and expected losses exceed the selling price.

Costs in connection with sales work and the procurement of contracts are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivables and tax liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position with the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivables and tax liabilities are offset to the extent that a legal right of set-off exists and the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Deferred tax is tax on all temporary differences in the carrying amount and tax base of assets and liabilities measured on the basis of the planned application of the asset and disposal of the liability, respectively.

Accounting policies

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carryforward, are recognised at their expected realisable value, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by setoff in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisation value.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates of applicable legislation at the reporting date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities other than provisions are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Income statement 1 April - 31 March

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2019/20</u>	<u>2018/19</u>
Gross profit	3.220.960	2.426.816
1 Staff costs	<u>-977.762</u>	<u>-73.013</u>
Operating profit	2.243.198	2.353.803
Other financial income	161.519	212.983
2 Other financial costs	<u>-382.708</u>	<u>-156.067</u>
Pre-tax net profit or loss	2.022.009	2.410.719
3 Tax on net profit or loss for the year	<u>-446.886</u>	<u>-530.354</u>
Net profit or loss for the year	<u>1.575.123</u>	<u>1.880.365</u>
Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
Transferred to retained earnings	<u>1.575.123</u>	<u>1.880.365</u>
Total allocations and transfers	<u>1.575.123</u>	<u>1.880.365</u>

Statement of financial position at 31 March

All amounts in DKK.

Assets	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
<u>Note</u>		
Current assets		
Trade receivables	253.186	14.797.232
Contract work in progress	3.153.601	398.462
Other receivables	<u>13.666</u>	<u>13.666</u>
Total receivables	<u>3.420.453</u>	<u>15.209.360</u>
Cash on hand and demand deposits	<u>2.167.137</u>	<u>2.544.434</u>
Total current assets	<u>5.587.590</u>	<u>17.753.794</u>
Total assets	<u>5.587.590</u>	<u>17.753.794</u>

Statement of financial position at 31 March

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
<u>Note</u>			
Equity			
4	Contributed capital	50.000	50.000
5	Retained earnings	<u>3.462.265</u>	<u>1.887.142</u>
	Total equity	<u>3.512.265</u>	<u>1.937.142</u>
 Liabilities other than provisions			
	Trade payables	387.488	14.116.804
	Payables to group enterprises	1.000.075	1.000.075
	Income tax payable	446.886	532.246
	Other payables	<u>240.876</u>	<u>167.527</u>
	Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>2.075.325</u>	<u>15.816.652</u>
	Total liabilities other than provisions	<u>2.075.325</u>	<u>15.816.652</u>
	Total equity and liabilities	<u>5.587.590</u>	<u>17.753.794</u>

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	<u>2019/20</u>	<u>2018/19</u>
1. Staff costs		
Salaries and wages	924.714	68.609
Pension costs	49.640	4.215
Other costs for social security	3.408	189
	<u>977.762</u>	<u>73.013</u>
Average number of employees	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
2. Other financial costs		
Other financial costs	<u>382.708</u>	<u>156.067</u>
	<u>382.708</u>	<u>156.067</u>
3. Tax on net profit or loss for the year		
Tax of the results for the year, parent company	<u>446.886</u>	<u>530.354</u>
	<u>446.886</u>	<u>530.354</u>
4. Contributed capital		
Contributed capital opening balance	<u>50.000</u>	<u>50.000</u>
	<u>50.000</u>	<u>50.000</u>
5. Retained earnings		
Retained earnings opening balance	1.887.142	6.777
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	<u>1.575.123</u>	<u>1.880.365</u>
	<u>3.462.265</u>	<u>1.887.142</u>