## **Deloitte.**



#### Kødbyen Brygpub ApS

Humletorvet 27, 3. 1799 København V CVR No. 35864237

#### Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 02.07.2021

Kenneth Bundgaard Madsen Chairman of the General Meeting

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## **Entity details**

#### Entity

Kødbyen Brygpub ApS Humletorvet 27, 3. 1799 København V

CVR No.: 35864237 Registered office: København Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

#### **Board of Directors**

Jacob Gram Alsing, chairman Mikkel Bjergsø Nicholas Garbett Floyd James Christopher Boggess

#### **Executive Board**

Mikkel Bjergsø

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

Lead Client Service Partner : Bjørn Winkler Jakobsen

## **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Kødbyen Brygpub ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 02.07.2021

**Executive Board** 

Mikkel Bjergsø

**Board of Directors** 

Jacob Gram Alsing chairman

Mikkel Bjergsø

**Nicholas Garbett Floyd** 

**James Christopher Boggess** 

## Independent auditor's extended review report

#### To the shareholders of Kødbyen Brygpub ApS

#### Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Kødbyen Brygpub ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at. 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 02.07.2021

#### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Hans Tauby State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne44339

### **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The company's activities comprise in running a brew pub and restaurant as well as related products and other related business of the managements opinion.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

The income statement for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 2.277.290 against DKK 9.740.337 last year, which management considers expected. The balance sheet shows an equity of DKK 7.243.561.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report. The re-opening of the society after the COVID-19 crisis will be a determining factor for the economic impact the following year.

## **Income statement for 2020**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss	1	12,600,369	25,381,114
Staff costs	2	(7,736,168)	(10,107,176)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	3	(1,785,127)	(2,964,851)
Operating profit/loss		3,079,074	12,309,087
Other financial income		14,363	183,660
Other financial expenses	4	(135,936)	(5,145)
Profit/loss before tax		2,957,501	12,487,602
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	(680,211)	(2,747,265)
Profit/loss for the year		2,277,290	9,740,337
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		0	16,000,000
Retained earnings		2,277,290	(6,259,663)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		2,277,290	9,740,337

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2020

#### Assets

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		4,477,033	5,571,748
Leasehold improvements		559,642	1,159,050
Property, plant and equipment	6	5,036,675	6,730,798
Deposits		429,534	108,960
Financial assets	7	429,534 429,534	108,960 108,960
Fixed assets		5,466,209	6,839,758
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		1,370,304	1,865,537
Inventories		1,370,304	1,865,537
Trade receivables		484,493	865,490
Other receivables		578,042	104,947
Prepayments		65,582	105,345
Receivables		1,128,117	1,075,782
Cash		4,338,967	2,523,309
Current assets		6,837,388	5,464,628
Assets		12,303,597	12,304,386

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		7,193,561	4,916,271
Equity		7,243,561	4,966,271
		535.000	724265
Deferred tax		535,896	734,265
Provisions		535,896	734,265
Other payables		354,199	145,570
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	8	354,199	145,570
Trade payables		267,933	809,572
Income tax payable		433,601	2,778,181
Other payables		3,468,407	2,870,527
Current liabilities other than provisions		4,169,941	6,458,280
Liabilities other than provisions		4,524,140	6,603,850
Equity and liabilities		12,303,597	12,304,386
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	9		
Assets charged and collateral	10		
Group relations	11		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	4,916,271	4,966,271
Profit/loss for the year	0	2,277,290	2,277,290
Equity end of year	50,000	7,193,561	7,243,561

### Notes

#### 1 Gross profit/loss

The Company has for the financial year received a total compensation of DKK 2.579 thousand from the COVID-19 compensation packages. The compensation comprise compensation of fixed cost of DKK 1.802 thousand and compensation of salary of DKK 777 thousand. The received compensation is recognised under other operating income.

#### 2 Staff costs

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Wages and salaries	7,270,082	9,494,277
Pension costs	298,216	355,082
Other social security costs	167,870	225,584
Other staff costs		
Other stall costs	0	32,233
	7,736,168	10,107,176
Average number of full-time employees	21	26
3 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,777,825	2,909,598
Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	7,302	55,253
	1,785,127	2,964,851
4 Other financial expenses		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Other interest expenses	135,936	5,145
	135,936	5,145
5 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Current tax	878,601	2,778,181
Change in deferred tax	(198,369)	(30,908)
Adjustment concerning previous years	(21)	(8)
	680,211	2,747,265

#### 6 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK	Leasehold improvements DKK
Cost beginning of year	10,952,856	8,643,517
Additions	92,904	13,100
Disposals	0	(32,637)
Cost end of year	11,045,760	8,623,980
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(5,381,108)	(7,484,467)
Depreciation for the year	(1,187,619)	(590,206)
Reversal regarding disposals	0	10,335
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(6,568,727)	(8,064,338)
Carrying amount end of year	4,477,033	559,642

#### 7 Financial assets

	Deposits
	DKK
Cost beginning of year	108,960
Additions	350,574
Disposals	(30,000)
Cost end of year	429,534
Carrying amount end of year	429,534

#### 8 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after more than 12 months 2020 DKK
Other payables	354,199
	354,199

Other payables relates to the frozen holiday pay due to the new holiday law, and therefore it is uncertain when these will be paid.

#### 9 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	1,051,721	909,260

#### **10 Assets charged and collateral**

The company has provided guarantees in respect of landlord, which amounts to DKK 204,075.

#### **11 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Bjergsø Holding ApS, København

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, other operating income, cost of sales and external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

#### **Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

#### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets and plant and equipment.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income.

#### **Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### Tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.